

DRY ICE TRANSPORTATION EXAM

Please circle the correct response.

- 1) Dry ice is considered a hazardous material because it poses a:
 - a) Suffocation hazard
 - b) Explosion hazard
 - c) Contact hazard
 - d) All of the above

- 2) It is okay to ship dry ice in Styrofoam containers with no outer packaging.
 - a) True
 - b) False

- 3) I only have to put a class 9 label on the box when there are other dangerous goods in the box.
 - a) True
 - b) False

- 4) The weight in kilograms must be marked on the paperwork and on the package.
 - a) True
 - b) False

- 5) Reusing a dry ice shipping box is fine as long as it is labeled with the correct address regardless of the condition of the box.
 - a) True
 - b) False

- 6) If you are shipping plant tissue samples to a lab for diagnostic analysis, it is okay to write on the shipping box, "Biological specimens enclosed."
 - a) True
 - b) False

- 7) Packages containing Dry Ice do not require venting.
 - a) True
 - b) False

- 8) Federal rules require that anyone wishing to ship dry ice must first have shipping training.
 - a) True
 - b) False

Note* Certification and approval to ship is provided by your supervisor or unit manager. Training records must be kept on-hand for inspection and recurrent training is due every two years for transport via air.