Please circle the correct response.

1) Dry ice is considered a hazardous material because it poses a:
   a) Suffocation hazard
   b) Explosion hazard
   c) Contact hazard
   d) All of the above

2) It is okay to ship dry ice in Styrofoam containers with no outer packaging.
   a) True
   b) False

3) I only have to put a class 9 label on the box when there are other dangerous goods in the box.
   a) True
   b) False

4) The weight in kilograms must be marked on the paperwork and on the package.
   a) True
   b) False

5) Reusing a dry ice shipping box is fine as long as it is labeled with the correct address regardless of the condition of the box.
   a) True
   b) False

6) If you are shipping plant tissue samples to a lab for diagnostic analysis, it is okay to write on the shipping box, “Biological specimens enclosed.”
   a) True
   b) False

7) Packages containing Dry Ice do not require venting.
   a) True
   b) False

8) Federal rules require that anyone wishing to ship dry ice must first have shipping training.
   a) True
   b) False

Note* Certification and approval to ship is provided by your supervisor or unit manager. Training records must be kept on-hand for inspection and recurrent training is due every two years for transport via air.